

CERTIFICATION TYPES List of building types and types of use

The QNG-PLUS and QNG-PREMIUM Certifications are state certifications for buildings. The prerequisites for QNG-PLUS and QNG-PREMIUM Certification is the provision of evidence that verifies a building's compliance with all of the associated general and special environmental, sociocultural and economic quality requirements, and of the quality of the planning and building processes on the basis of an independent assessment. Depending on the specific use case based on the type of building, type of use and type of building measure (e.g. new building), buildings will be awarded a specific Certification type if all of the relevant prerequisites and requirements for that type are met. The current Certification types are listed in this annex (Annex 1) to the Manual for the QNG Sustainable Building Certification.

Important information on the relevant valid version:

Please note: These certification specifications are regularly reviewed and, for certification purposes, always apply only in the version valid at the time a request or an application for certification is submitted to a certification body or at the time an application for government funding is granted. The regulations and requirements of previous or subsequent versions are not relevant to applicants and consequently do not have any bearing on their application's success.

The date on which the relevant versions take effect and their version numbers are listed in the following table:

Version number	Date it takes effect
1.0	08.06.2021
1.1	20.04.2022
1.2	01.01.2023
1.3	01.03.2023
1.4	27.07.2023
1.5	19.07.2024

The version presented here is always the current version of Annex 1. To avoid confusion, the preceding versions are always deleted. For this reason, we recommend that applicants, system providers and certification bodies save the version of this Annex that is relevant for their respective QNG certification.

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1. Certification types

Certification	Use case (application)			Validity		Comment	
type							
	Type of use	New build	Complete refurbishment	Partial refurbishment	from	until	
QNG-KN21	Residential buildings	X			08.06.2021	31.12.2022	Certification type for residential buildings with up to 5 residential units
QNG-WN21	Residential building	X			08.06.2021	31.12.2022	Certification type for residential buildings of all sizes
QNG-BN22	Office and administration buildings	X			20.04.2022	31.12.2022	
QNG-BK22	Office and administration buildings		X		20.04.2022	31.12.2022	
QNG-UN22	Education buildings	X			20.04.2022	31.12.2022	
QNG-UK22	Education buildings		X		20.04.2022	31.12.2022	
QNG-WG23	Residential buildings	х	X		01.01.2023		Replaces KN21 and WN21 from 01.01.2023
QNG-NW23	Non-residential buildings	X	X		01.01.2023		Replaces BN22, BK22, UN22 and UK22 from 01.01.2023

Table 1: Overview of QNG Certification types¹

2. Supplementary regulations

- 2.1.1. The QNG Certifications can only be used for buildings that, following their completion, fall within the scope of the current version of the German Buildings Energy Act (GEG).
- 2.1.2. The building to be assessed has to be classed as a residential building if it is a residential building in accordance with Section 3(1)(33) GEG.
- 2.1.3. The building to be assessed has to be classed as a non-residential building if it does not qualify as a residential building.
- 2.1.4. The building to be assessed has to be classed as an office and administration building if it is a non-residential building that is primarily used as an office and administration building.

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 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Please refer to the QNG website for a definition of the Certification types

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- 2.1.5. The building to be assessed has to be classed as an educational building if it is a non-residential building that is primarily used as a childcare facility (nursery, kindergarten, daycare), school and/or education facility.
- 2.1.6. If a residential building contains rooms that are not designed for residential purposes, it can also be treated as a non-residential building within the scope of the QNG Certification system.
- 2.1.7. The Certification type QNG-NW23 must only be used for buildings that can be assigned to a LCA class in accordance with 3.1 / 3.2.
- 2.1.8. The QNG's applicability to mixed-use buildings primarily depends on the rules of the registered assessment systems.

3. LCA classes for non-residential buildings

3.1 LCA class assignments

- 3.1.1. In order to determine whether non-residential buildings meet the QNG building typology criteria, i.e. the required QNG LCA value (Life Cycle Analysis value), they are assigned to different LCA classes. These assignments are based on the August 2021 version of the Building Typology Brochure (Bauwerkszuordnungskatalog) published by the Network for Economic Building Cost Planning on behalf of the Committee for State Building Construction (ASH). The Building Typology Brochure is available on the website of the Conference of Construction Ministers (Bauministerkonferenz) under www.bauministerkonferenz.de (Home page / Public area / Planning guides / Economic building (Cost planning) / Building Typology Brochure (BWZ).
- 3.1.2. The building (single use) has to be assigned a BWZ number with the aid of the Building Typology Brochure. Mixed-use buildings have to be assigned BWZ numbers for all of their uses.
- 3.1.3. Using table 2, the BWZ numbers have to be used to determine the LCA classes for all of the different types of uses of a building and to determine the percentage of space they occupy relative to the building's total space.
- 3.1.4. If it is not possible to assign a LCA class to an individual use, it will not be possible to assign an LCA class to the entire building. These instances are shown with "no LCA class" in table 2.

3.2 LCA classes

Types	f building and types of use	LCA class
BWZ	BWZ name	
no.		
1100	Parliament buildings	K1
1200	Court houses	K1
1300	Administration buildings, with the exception of BWZ 1370 Data centres K1	
1370	Data centres	K2
2100	Education buildings, with the exception of BWZ 2210 Lecture hall buildings	K1
2210	Lecture hall buildings	К3
2200	0 Buildings for scientific education and research K2	
2300	2300 Buildings for scientific education and research - high and ultra-high-installation K2	
2400	Buildings for research without education	K2
2500	Laboratory buildings	K2



Types	Types of building and types of use LCA class				
BWZ	BWZ name				
no.	Military testing hyildings and facilities	K2			
2600	Military testing buildings and facilities	K2			
3100	University hospitals (with research and education)	170			
3110	University hospitals	K3			
3120	Buildings for somatic health care	K1			
3130	Buildings special requirements	K2			
3140	Buildings for psychiatric and psychosomatic health care	K1			
3200	Hospitals (without research and education)				
3210	Hospitals	К3			
3220	Buildings for somatic health care	<i>K</i> 1			
3230	Buildings special requirements	<i>K</i> 2			
3240	Buildings for psychiatric and psychosomatic health care	<i>K</i> 1			
3250	Forensics (Forensic psychiatry)	K2			
3300	Buildings for day patient care	K1			
3400	Buildings for outpatient care	K1			
3500	Military medical services, with the exception of BWZ 3510 Military hospitals	K1			
3510	Military hospitals	К3			
3600	Nursing homes (according to Section 33 GEG, nursing homes are residential buildings)	K1			
3700	Rehabilitation centres (Reha)	K1			
3800	Wellness resort and health resorts, with the exception of BWZ 3820 Spas and	K1			
3820	salt water spas Spas and salt water spas	К3			
4100	General education schools	K1			
4200	Vocational education institutions	K1			
	Education facilities				
4300		K1			
4400	Childcare facilities	K1			
4500	Libraries/archives	K1			
4600	Exhibition buildings				
4610	Museums	K2			
4620	* *				
4700	Event buildings				
4710	Event buildings	K2			
4711					
4720	Event buildings with conference and/or multimedia equipment	K2			
4730	O Visitor/information centres K				
4740	O Multi-purpose halls K				
4800	Sacred buildings	no LCA class			
4900	Historic buildings/memorials	no LCA class			
5100	Sports centres	K5			
5200	Swimming pools, with the exception of BWZ 5240 Sauna buildings	K3			

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Types o	Types of building and types of use LCA class			
BWZ	BWZ name			
no. 5240	Sauna buildings	K2		
5300	Special sports and training facilities	no LCA class		
5310	Bowling alleys	K1		
5320	Indoor shooting ranges	K3		
5330	Indoor riding arenas	no LCA class		
5340	Ice rinks	K5		
5350	Tennis halls	K5		
5360	Sport training centres	K1		
5370	Climbing halls	K5		
5400	Buildings for outdoor sports facilities, with the exception of BWZ 5420 Grandstands	K1		
5420	Grandstands	no LCA class		
5500	Outdoor sports facilities	no LCA class		
6100	Residential buildings	K6		
6200	Residential units (according to Section 33 GEG, residential units are residential buildings)	K1		
6300	Shared accommodation (according to Section 33 GEG, shared accommodation is residential buildings)	K1		
6400	Lodgings	K1		
6500	Law enforcement-related accommodation	K1		
6600	Care facilities	K1		
6700	Catering facilities			
6710	Public houses/restaurants	K1		
6720	Cafeterias/canteens	K2		
6730	Canteen buildings with additional facilities	K2		
6740	Service stations	K1		
6750	Military service buildings (all sizes)	K1		
6760	Military service buildings and care facilities	K1		
6770	Law enforcement catering facilities	K2		
7100	Production/processing facilities	K4		
7200	Buildings for animal and plant housing and care	K2		
7300	0 Buildings for storage, with the exception of BWZ 7320 Closed storage no LCA facilities			
7320	Closed storage facilities	K4		
7400	Sales premises	K1		
7500	Workshops	K2		
7600	Buildings for parking vehicles	no LCA class		
7700	Emergency services stations	K1		
7800	Central service buildings/central supply and disposal			
7810	Central service buildings (various functions)	K1		

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Types o	Types of building and types of use LCA class			
BWZ	BWZ name			
no.		I/O		
7820	Central pharmacies	K2		
7830	Central kitchens (without dining hall)	K3		
7840	Central laundries	K3		
7850	Central material supply/logistics	K1		
7860	Central sterilisation	К3		
7900	Business incubator and technology centres	K1		
8100	Energy production facilities	no LCA class		
8200	Buildings for guidance, control, monitoring and communication			
8210	Operating buildings for technical public facilities	K1		
8220	Radio transmitting and receiving facilities	no LCA class		
8230	Switching centres, cable houses	no LCA class		
8240	Railway control centres	K1		
8250	Monitoring stations	<i>K</i> 1		
8260	Weighing houses	no LCA class		
8270	Military conveying systems (cable car stations)	no LCA class		
8280	Tower-like buildings	no LCA class		
8300	Buildings for the distribution of electrical energy, heating, cooling, gas and oil no LCA class			
8400	Buildings and facilities for supplying water	no LCA class		
8500	Buildings and facilities for waste water treatment (sewage and rain water) no LCA class			
8600	Buildings for waste treatment no LCA class			
9100	Buildings for traffic facilities	K2		
9200	Guard houses	K1		
9300	Cemetery buildings	no LCA class		
9400	Protective structures, enclosures, special structures	no LCA class		
9500	Buildings with outdoor facilities	no LCA class		
9600	Hydraulic structures, port facilities	no LCA class		
9700	Civilian buildings abroad			
9710	Diplomatic missions	K2		
9720	Cultural and scientific facilities abroad	K2		
9730	Schools abroad	K1		
9740) Kindergartens abroad K1			
9750	Official housing/residences (buildings) abroad	K2		
9760	Guardhouse (Foreign Office agencies abroad)	K2		
9800	Military buildings abroad	no LCA class		

Table 2: LCA classes in accordance with the Building Typology Brochure (BWZ)

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3.3 Examples for establishing LCA classes

Examples for single-use buildings:

• Office building:

BWZ: 1320 Administration building

LCA classes in accordance with table 2:

Offices with BWZ 1320 = K1 with 100 % building use

• LCA class of the building: K1-100

Explanation: In table 2, the LCA class for building type BWZ 1320 is 1. Hence, the percentage of use of K1 is 100 % (K1-100).

• Football pitch:

o BWZ: 5510 Outdoor sports facilities

o LCA classes in accordance with table 2:

■ Football pitch with BWZ 5510 = no LCA class ○ LCA class of the building: no LCA class

Explanation: In table 2, building types BWZ 5500 and 5510 do not have any LCA classes. This means that this building cannot be assigned a LCA class.

Examples for multi-use buildings:

• Building with a daycare centre on the ground floor (500 m²) and offices (1500 m²) on the 1st to 3rd floors:

o BWZ:

Daycare centre: 4410 Daycare centres

Offices: 1320 Administration building

LCA classes in accordance with table 2:

Office use with BWZ 1320 = K1 with 75 % building use
 Daycare centres with BWZ 4410 = K1 with 25 % building use

o LCA class of the building: K1-100

Explanation: In table 2, the LCA class for both of these BWZ is 1. Hence, the percentage of use of K1 is 100 % (K1-100).

• Building with a riding arena on the ground floor (1200 m²) and offices on the 1st floor (120 m²)

o BWZ:

Riding arena: 5330 Indoor riding arenas
 Offices: 1320 Administration building

LCA classes in accordance with table 2:

Offices with BWZ 1320 = K1 with 10 % building use

Riding arenas with BWZ 5330 = no LCA class with 90 % building use

o LCA class of the building: no LCA class

Explanation: In table 2, building type BWZ 5330 does not have a LCA class. This means that this building cannot be assigned a LCA class.

• Building with a daycare centre on the ground floor (170 m²) and residential units (1600 m²) on the 1st to 3rd floors:

o BWZ:

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Daycare centre: 4410 Daycare centres

Residential units: 6120 Apartment blocks

o LCA classes in accordance with table 2:

Apartment blocks with BWZ 6120 = K6 with 90 % building use
 Daycare centres with BWZ 4410 = K1 with 10 % building use

• LCA class of the building:

Explanation: If a residential building contains special use/commercial areas that need to be assessed with a different energy zoning system than that used for residential buildings when calculating the building's final energy demand in accordance with the GEG, the energy zoning system for residential use may be applied to both areas when calculating the total in order to ensure benchmark comparability. In this event, it will be necessary to perform a separate demand calculation for the QNG Certification in addition to the GEG calculation (cf. annexed document 3.1.1 "QNG energy accounting rules for residential buildings").

4. Changes made to the previous version

Date	Page	Change
01.03.2023		Addition of LCA classes K2 to K6 to table 2
04.05.2023	5	Correction of BWZ name for BWZ No. 4500: Vocational education institutions – new: Libraries/archives
27.07.2023	8	Updating of examples:
19.07.2024	All	Updating of the QNG logo
	4, 8	Addition to mixed-use